



DP03 | SELECTED ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS

2009-2013 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Subject	Fayetteville city, North Carolina			
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error
<b>EMPLOYMENT STATUS</b>				
Population 16 years and over	155,478	+/-760	155,478	(X)
In labor force	103,429	+/-1,284	66.5%	+/-0.8
Civilian labor force	80,923	+/-1,365	52.0%	+/-0.8
Employed	69,091	+/-1,401	44.4%	+/-0.9
Unemployed	11,832	+/-758	7.6%	+/-0.5
Armed Forces	22,506	+/-897	14.5%	+/-0.6
Not in labor force	52,049	+/-1,243	33.5%	+/-0.8
Civilian labor force	80,923	+/-1,365	80,923	(X)
Percent Unemployed	(X)	(X)	14.6%	+/-0.9
<b>Females 16 years and over</b>				
In labor force	47,367	+/-980	59.3%	+/-1.1
Civilian labor force	44,233	+/-1,024	55.3%	+/-1.2
Employed	37,862	+/-1,001	47.4%	+/-1.2
<b>Own children under 6 years</b>				
All parents in family in labor force	11,285	+/-698	58.7%	+/-3.1
<b>Own children 6 to 17 years</b>				
All parents in family in labor force	19,484	+/-952	67.1%	+/-2.9
<b>COMMUTING TO WORK</b>				
Workers 16 years and over	89,750	+/-1,404	89,750	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	72,268	+/-1,296	80.5%	+/-0.9
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	8,473	+/-691	9.4%	+/-0.7
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	689	+/-200	0.8%	+/-0.2
Walked	4,459	+/-464	5.0%	+/-0.5
Other means	1,113	+/-266	1.2%	+/-0.3
Worked at home	2,748	+/-439	3.1%	+/-0.5
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	19.7	+/-0.6	(X)	(X)
<b>OCCUPATION</b>				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	69,091	+/-1,401	69,091	(X)

Subject	Fayetteville city, North Carolina			
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error
Management, business, science, and arts occupations	23,423	+/-1,017	33.9%	+/-1.4
Service occupations	14,683	+/-908	21.3%	+/-1.1
Sales and office occupations	18,340	+/-798	26.5%	+/-1.2
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	5,216	+/-546	7.5%	+/-0.8
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	7,429	+/-522	10.8%	+/-0.7
<b>INDUSTRY</b>				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	69,091	+/-1,401	69,091	(X)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	251	+/-115	0.4%	+/-0.2
Construction	3,248	+/-370	4.7%	+/-0.5
Manufacturing	4,328	+/-451	6.3%	+/-0.6
Wholesale trade	804	+/-177	1.2%	+/-0.3
Retail trade	9,874	+/-660	14.3%	+/-1.0
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	2,484	+/-326	3.6%	+/-0.5
Information	1,154	+/-239	1.7%	+/-0.3
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing	2,814	+/-428	4.1%	+/-0.6
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services	4,968	+/-467	7.2%	+/-0.7
Educational services, and health care and social assistance	19,532	+/-882	28.3%	+/-1.2
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services	8,514	+/-696	12.3%	+/-0.9
Other services, except public administration	3,722	+/-408	5.4%	+/-0.5
Public administration	7,398	+/-638	10.7%	+/-0.9
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	69,091	+/-1,401	69,091	(X)
Private wage and salary workers	46,848	+/-1,315	67.8%	+/-1.4
Government workers	19,178	+/-995	27.8%	+/-1.3
Self-employed in own not incorporated business workers	2,966	+/-383	4.3%	+/-0.5
Unpaid family workers	99	+/-58	0.1%	+/-0.1
<b>INCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2013 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)</b>				
Total households	76,766	+/-885	76,766	(X)
Less than \$10,000	6,754	+/-569	8.8%	+/-0.7
\$10,000 to \$14,999	4,033	+/-395	5.3%	+/-0.5
\$15,000 to \$24,999	8,436	+/-634	11.0%	+/-0.8
\$25,000 to \$34,999	9,874	+/-664	12.9%	+/-0.8
\$35,000 to \$49,999	13,632	+/-678	17.8%	+/-0.9
\$50,000 to \$74,999	15,530	+/-890	20.2%	+/-1.1
\$75,000 to \$99,999	8,254	+/-587	10.8%	+/-0.8
\$100,000 to \$149,999	6,803	+/-537	8.9%	+/-0.7
\$150,000 to \$199,999	1,977	+/-244	2.6%	+/-0.3
\$200,000 or more	1,473	+/-231	1.9%	+/-0.3
Median household income (dollars)	44,900	+/-929	(X)	(X)
Mean household income (dollars)	57,392	+/-1,135	(X)	(X)
<b>With earnings</b>				
Mean earnings (dollars)	61,741	+/-1,003	80.4%	+/-0.9
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	55,142	+/-1,229	(X)	(X)
<b>With Social Security</b>				
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	17,572	+/-572	22.9%	+/-0.8
<b>With retirement income</b>				
Mean retirement income (dollars)	15,742	+/-385	(X)	(X)
<b>With retirement income</b>				
Mean retirement income (dollars)	16,451	+/-768	21.4%	+/-1.0
<b>With Supplemental Security Income</b>				
Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars)	23,123	+/-1,012	(X)	(X)
<b>With cash public assistance income</b>				
Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars)	4,055	+/-375	5.3%	+/-0.5
With cash public assistance income	8,659	+/-488	(X)	(X)
	1,935	+/-271	2.5%	+/-0.4

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Mean cash public assistance income (dollars)	2,193	+/-406	(X)	(X)
With Food Stamp/SNAP benefits in the past 12 months	12,389	+/-595	16.1%	+/-0.8
Families	49,873	+/-875	49,873	(X)
Less than \$10,000	3,975	+/-432	8.0%	+/-0.8
\$10,000 to \$14,999	1,615	+/-247	3.2%	+/-0.5
\$15,000 to \$24,999	4,891	+/-494	9.8%	+/-1.0
\$25,000 to \$34,999	5,373	+/-491	10.8%	+/-1.0
\$35,000 to \$49,999	8,872	+/-527	17.8%	+/-1.0
\$50,000 to \$74,999	10,692	+/-720	21.4%	+/-1.4
\$75,000 to \$99,999	6,161	+/-466	12.4%	+/-0.9
\$100,000 to \$149,999	5,463	+/-443	11.0%	+/-0.9
\$150,000 to \$199,999	1,621	+/-211	3.3%	+/-0.4
\$200,000 or more	1,210	+/-223	2.4%	+/-0.4
Median family income (dollars)	50,333	+/-1,323	(X)	(X)
Mean family income (dollars)	63,597	+/-1,472	(X)	(X)
Per capita income (dollars)	23,409	+/-465	(X)	(X)
Nonfamily households	26,893	+/-985	26,893	(X)
Median nonfamily income (dollars)	33,899	+/-1,310	(X)	(X)
Mean nonfamily income (dollars)	43,686	+/-2,142	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for workers (dollars)	27,705	+/-576	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for male full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	39,136	+/-1,283	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for female full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	32,976	+/-1,050	(X)	(X)
<b>HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE</b>				
Civilian noninstitutionalized population	177,647	+/-923	177,647	(X)
With health insurance coverage	152,680	+/-1,427	85.9%	+/-0.7
With private health insurance	117,635	+/-1,832	66.2%	+/-1.0
With public coverage	60,201	+/-1,457	33.9%	+/-0.8
No health insurance coverage	24,967	+/-1,314	14.1%	+/-0.7
Civilian noninstitutionalized population under 18 years	50,930	+/-757	50,930	(X)
No health insurance coverage	2,780	+/-592	5.5%	+/-1.1
Civilian noninstitutionalized population 18 to 64 years	107,479	+/-1,017	107,479	(X)
In labor force:	76,722	+/-1,330	76,722	(X)
Employed:	65,424	+/-1,293	65,424	(X)
With health insurance coverage	53,209	+/-1,267	81.3%	+/-1.1
With private health insurance	49,172	+/-1,221	75.2%	+/-1.2
With public coverage	8,831	+/-656	13.5%	+/-0.9
No health insurance coverage	12,215	+/-761	18.7%	+/-1.1
Unemployed:	11,298	+/-708	11,298	(X)
With health insurance coverage	6,546	+/-585	57.9%	+/-3.4
With private health insurance	4,424	+/-538	39.2%	+/-3.7
With public coverage	2,695	+/-337	23.9%	+/-2.7
No health insurance coverage	4,752	+/-464	42.1%	+/-3.4
Not in labor force:	30,757	+/-946	30,757	(X)
With health insurance coverage	25,630	+/-907	83.3%	+/-1.5
With private health insurance	17,852	+/-899	58.0%	+/-2.2
With public coverage	11,241	+/-637	36.5%	+/-1.9
No health insurance coverage	5,127	+/-481	16.7%	+/-1.5

Subject	Fayetteville city, North Carolina			
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error
PERCENTAGE OF FAMILIES AND PEOPLE WHOSE INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS IS BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL				
All families	(X)	(X)	15.3%	+/-1.1
With related children under 18 years	(X)	(X)	23.1%	+/-1.7
With related children under 5 years only	(X)	(X)	23.9%	+/-3.2
Married couple families	(X)	(X)	5.7%	+/-0.9
With related children under 18 years	(X)	(X)	7.6%	+/-1.6
With related children under 5 years only	(X)	(X)	7.8%	+/-3.2
Families with female householder, no husband present	(X)	(X)	35.0%	+/-2.7
With related children under 18 years	(X)	(X)	42.8%	+/-2.9
With related children under 5 years only	(X)	(X)	48.1%	+/-7.0
All people	(X)	(X)	17.6%	+/-1.1
Under 18 years	(X)	(X)	25.7%	+/-2.2
Related children under 18 years	(X)	(X)	25.4%	+/-2.2
Related children under 5 years	(X)	(X)	27.6%	+/-3.1
Related children 5 to 17 years	(X)	(X)	24.3%	+/-2.4
18 years and over	(X)	(X)	14.8%	+/-0.8
18 to 64 years	(X)	(X)	15.5%	+/-0.9
65 years and over	(X)	(X)	9.9%	+/-1.2
People in families	(X)	(X)	16.4%	+/-1.3
Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	(X)	(X)	22.8%	+/-1.7

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

There were changes in the edit between 2009 and 2010 regarding Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and Social Security. The changes in the edit loosened restrictions on disability requirements for receipt of SSI resulting in an increase in the total number of SSI recipients in the American Community Survey. The changes also loosened restrictions on possible reported monthly amounts in Social Security income resulting in higher Social Security aggregate amounts. These results more closely match administrative counts compiled by the Social Security Administration.

Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.

Census occupation codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). The Census occupation codes for 2010 and later years are based on the 2010 revision of the SOC. To allow for the creation of 2009-2013 tables, occupation data in the multiyear files (2009-2013) were recoded to 2013 Census occupation codes. We recommend using caution when comparing data coded using 2013 Census occupation codes with data coded using Census occupation codes prior to 2010. For more information on the Census occupation code changes, please visit our website at <http://www.census.gov/people/io/methodology/>.

Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). The Census industry codes for 2013 and later years are based on the 2012 revision of the NAICS. To allow for the creation of 2009-2013 and 2011-2013 tables, industry data in the multiyear files (2009-2013 and 2011-2013) were recoded to 2013 Census industry codes. We recommend using caution when comparing data coded using 2013 Census industry codes with data coded using Census industry codes prior to 2013. For more information on the Census industry code changes, please visit our website at <http://www.census.gov/people/io/methodology/>.

While the 2009-2013 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009-2013 5-Year American Community Survey

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '\*\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.